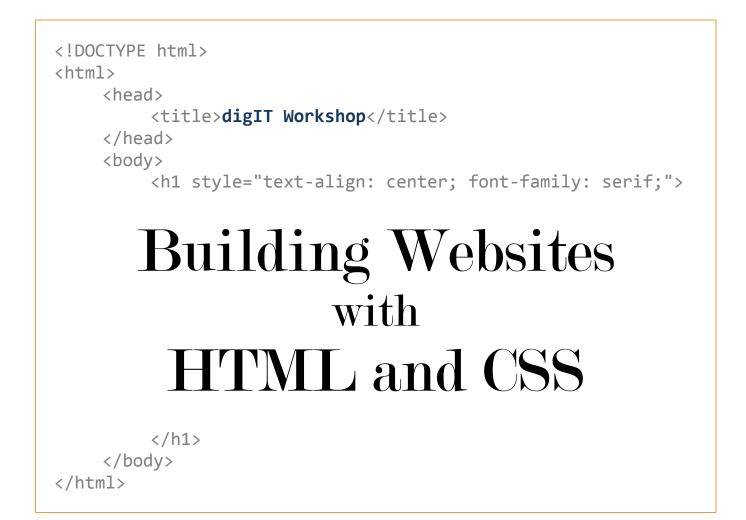


Web Design

Workbook



SOLVE PROBLEMS. CREATE THE FUTURE.



HTML and CSS: An Overview

HyperText Markup Language (HTML) is an XML-based language that provides the **structure** of a web page by "marking up" the content with tags. These tags label elements in the page as headings, paragraphs, images, lists and many other types that add structure to content. The HTML standard has undergone several revisions since the

first one was released (and is constantly being updated and extended) - the language we will look at in these workshops is HTML 5, released in 2014.

Cascading Style Sheets (CSS) is a language used to describe the presentation of XML-based documents, most often used for HTML pages. This can include visual properties like layout, colour and fonts, different layouts for different screen sizes and types, and the presentation of pages in different media (for example, text-to-speech). Each version of CSS has been built on the previous version – we will look at CSS 3.

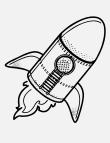
HTML is used for *content*. CSS is used for *presentation*. In a perfect world, our HTML pages convey document structure and meaning while our visual design is defined entirely by CSS. Why?

- Visual accessibility users can load their own stylesheets
- Flexibility responsive design
- **Reusability** external stylesheets
- Can you think of other reasons? (Hint: look up "separation of presentation and content"!)

Coding in HTML and CSS probably isn't "computer programming" as you traditionally think of it, but it can be a complex and rewarding pursuit that adds an extra layer to your backend development - as well as incredibly frustrating when you're trying to get every element to sit perfectly in place!







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HTML Cheatsheet

ext		
me	<samp></samp>	Defines sample computer code
m,	<script></th><th>Defines a definition list async, type charset defer, src</th></tr><tr><th>ext</th><th><section></th><th>Defines a section cite</th></tr><tr><th>ano</th><th></th><th>Defines a selectable list</th></tr><tr><th>set</th><th><select></th><th>autofocus, disabled, form, multiple, name, size</th></tr><tr><th>em</th><th><small></th><th>Defines small text</th></tr><tr><th>au</th><th>< 201105 ></th><th>Defines media resources</th></tr><tr><th>nce</th><th></th><th>media, src, type</th></tr><tr><th>pe</th><th></th><th>Defines a section in a document</th></tr><tr><th>ap</th><th></th><th>Defines strong text</th></tr><tr><th>me</th><td><style></td><td>Defines a style definition</td></tr><tr><th>ext</th><td></td><td>type, media, scoped</td></tr><tr><th>list</th><td><sub>, <sup></td><td>Defines sub/super-scripted text</td></tr><tr><th>ion</th><td></td><td>Defines a table summary</td></tr><tr><th>me</th><td></td><td>Defines a table body</td></tr><tr><th>par</th><td>< fpoqt></td><td>sunnary</td></tr><tr><th>an</th><td>></td><td>Defines a table cell</td></tr><tr><th>uks</th><td></td><td>coispan, neaders, rowspan</td></tr><tr><th>do nes ion</th><th><textarea></th><th>Defines a text area autofocus, cols, disabled, form, maxlength, name, placeholder, readonly, readonly, required, rows,</th></tr><tr><th>iect pe,</th><th><tfoot>, <thead></th><th>Defines a table footer / head</th></tr><tr><th>Ð</th><th></th><th>Defines a table header</th></tr><tr><th>list art</th><th>></th><th>colspan, headers, rowspan, scope</th></tr><tr><th>dm</th><th><time></th><th>Defines a date/tim</th></tr><tr><th>led</th><td></td><td>Dafine the document title</td></tr><tr><th>list</th><th> </th><th>Defines the document title</th></tr><tr><th>put</th><th></th><th>Defines a table row datetime</th></tr><tr><th>me</th><th>¢ŧt></th><th>Used to define teletype text</th></tr><tr><th><i>ydu</i></th><td><n></td><td>Used to define underlined text</td></tr><tr><th>ect</th><th><l</th><th>Defines an unordered list</th></tr><tr><th>ue.</th><td><var></td><td>Defines a variable</td></tr><tr><th>ext</th><th></th><th>Defines a video</th></tr><tr><th>ind</th><th><video></th><th>autobuffer, autoplay, controls, height, loon, src. width</th></tr><tr><th>ion</th><th></th><th></th></tr><tr><th>ite</th><th></th><th></th></tr><tr><th>t to uby</th><th>HTML5 T/</th><th>TAG CHEAT SHEET</th></tr><tr><th>suc</th><th>Created</th><th>ed by WebsiteSetup.org</th></tr><tr><th>ons</th><th></th><th></th></tr><tr><th>- YY</th><th></th><th></th></tr></tbody></table></script>	

<ins></ins>	Defines inserted text
	cite, datetime Defines a generated keu in a form
<keygen/>	autofocus, challenge, disabled, form, keytype, name
<kbd></kbd>	Defines keyboard text
<label></label>	Defines an inline sub windou for, form
<legend></legend>	Defines a title in a fieldsei
<i⊳< th=""><td>Defines a list item value</td></i⊳<>	Defines a list item value
dink>	Defines a resource reference href, hreflang, media, rel, sizes, type
<map></map>	Defines an image map name
<mark></mark>	Defines marked text
<menu></menu>	Defines a menu list label, type
<meta/>	Defines meta information charset, content, http-equiv, name
- markan	Defines measurement within a predefined
	hunge high, low, max, min, optimum, value
<nav></nav>	Defines navigation links
<noframes></noframes>	Used to display text for browsers that do not handle frames
<noscript></noscript>	Defines a noscript section
<object></object>	Defines an embedded object data, form, height, name, type, usemap, width
 <lo> <lo> <lo></lo></lo></lo>	Defines an ordered list reversed, start
<optgroup></optgroup>	Defines an option group label, disabled
<option></option>	Defines an option in a drop-down list disabled, label, selected, value
<output></output>	Defines some types of output for, form, name
<d></d>	Defines a paragraph
<pre><param/></pre>	Defines a parameter for an object name, value
<pre><pre>de></pre></pre>	Defines preformatted text
<pre><pre>progress></pre></pre>	Defines progress of a task of any kind max, value
	Defines a short quotation cite
<rp><rp><rp><rp></rp></rp></rp></rp>	Used in ruby annotations to define what to show browsers that to not support the ruby element
<rt></rt>	Defines explanation to ruby annotations
<ruby></ruby>	Defines ruby annotations
<s>, <strike></strike></s>	Used to define strikethrough text

	Depnes a depution description
	Degmes aeterea text cite, datetime
<pre><details></details></pre>	Defines details of an element open
<dialog></dialog>	Defines a dialog (conversation)
<dfn></dfn>	Defines a definition term
<dir></dir>	Used to define a directory list
<div></div>	Defines a section in a document
<dl></dl>	Defines a definition list
<dt></dt>	Defines a definition term
	Defines emphasized text
Aboduot	Defines external interactive content or
<mailes< td=""><td>puga height, src, type, width</td></mailes<>	puga height, src, type, width
<fieldset></fieldset>	Defines a fieldset disabled, form, name
<figure></figure>	Defines a group of media content, and their caption
	Used to define font face, font size, and font color of text
<footer></footer>	Defines a footer for a section or page
<form></form>	Defines a form accept-charset, action, autocomplete, enctype, method, name, novalidate, target
<frame/>	Used to define one particular window (frame) within a frameset
<frameset></frameset>	Used to define a frameset, which organized multiple windows (frames)
<h1> to <h6></h6></h1>	Defines header 1 to header 6
<head></head>	Defines information about the document
<heeler></heeler>	Defines a header for a section or page
<pre>ducoup></pre>	Defines information about a section in a document
<hr/> <hr/>	Defines a horizontal rule
<html></html>	Defines an html document manifest, xmlns
	Defines italic text
<iframe></iframe>	Defines an inline sub window height, name, sandbox, seamless, src, width
	Defines an image alt, src, height, ismap, usemap, width
<input/>	Defines an input field accept, alt, autocomplete, autofocus, checked, fashbeld, form, formatetion, formatety, formatetion, formatery, hieldate, formategel, hielght, list, max, markeigth, min, multiple, name, pattern, placebolder, readonly.

	HTML 5 NEW TAG
TAG NOT	SUPPORTE
	Define a comment
	Defines the document type
<a>	Defines a hyperlink href, hreflang, media, ping , rel, target, type
<abbr>></abbr>	Defines an abbreviation
<acronym></acronym>	Used to define an embedded acronyms
<address></address>	Defines an address element
<applet></applet>	Used to define an embedded applet
<area/>	Defines an area inside an image map alt, coords, href, hreflang, media, ping, rel, shape, target, type
<article></article>	Defines an article cite, pubdate
<aside></aside>	Defines content aside from the page content
<audio></audio>	Defines sound content autobuffer, autoplay, controls, src
 ¢b>	Defines bold text
 base>	Defines a base URL for all the links in a page have.
 basefont>	Used to define a default font-color, font- size, or font-family for all the document
<obd></obd>	Defines the direction of text display dir
 	Used to make text bigger
 blockquote>	Defines a long quotation cite
 body>	Defines the body element
 dr>	Inserts a single line break
 button>	Defines a push button autofocus, disabled, form, formaction, formarcityre, formmethod, formmovalidate, formitarget, name, type, value
<canvas></canvas>	Defines graphics height, width
<caption></caption>	Defines a table caption
<center></center>	Used to center align text and content
<cite></cite>	Defines a citation
<code></code>	Defines computer code text autobuffer, autoplay, controls, src
<col/>	Defines attributes for table columns
<colgroup></colgroup>	Defines groups of table columns span
<command/>	Defines a command button checked, disabled, icon, label, radiogroup, type

Source: https://websitesetup.org/html5-cheat-sheet/

CSS Cheatsheet

0

word-spacing Spacing between words

GoSquared

Syntax		Margins +	Margins + Padding		Shorthand
Write styles for any element		height		height; width;	background
	roperty: value;}	lieigin		margin-top;	border
External	Style Sheet		margin-right;		border-bottom border-left
<link <="" rel="</th><th>stylesheet" th="" type="text/css"/> <th></th> <th>width</th> <th>margin-bottom; margin-left;</th> <th>border-right</th>		width	margin-bottom; margin-left;	border-right	
href="style	e.css"/>	4 ₁ ≱		padding-top;	border-top font
Internal				padding-right;	list-style
	e="text/css">		border	padding-bottom;	margin
	roperty: value}	margin	padding	padding-left;	padding
Inline Sty	le	Border			Comments
<tag style<="" th=""><th>="property: value"></th><th colspan="2">border-width Width of the border</th><th>/* Comments */</th></tag>	="property: value">	border-width Width of the border		/* Comments */	
			border-style dashed; dotted; double; groove; inset;		
General		440 m - mark 4 50 - 67 - 62 - 64 - 64 - 64 - 64 - 64 - 64 - 64	outset; ridge; solid		Pseudo Selectors
class	String preceded by a full stop (.)	border-colo	r Colour of the bord	er	:hover :active
ID	String preceded by a hash (#)	Position			:focus
div	Formats structure or block of text	clear	If any floating alor	If any floating allowerstand and the allowerst	
span	Inline formatting	Clear		If any floating elements around the element both, left, right, none	
color	Foreground colour	float		Floats to a specified side	
cursor	Appearance of the cursor		left, right, none		
display	block; inline; list-item; none	left	The left position o		Media Types
overflow	How to handle content that	- 	auto, length value		all
	overflows its box. visible: hidden: scroll; auto	top	The top position of auto, length value		braille embossed
visibility	visible; hidden	position	static, relative, abs		handheld
		z-index Above or below overlapping elements			print
Font		Lindex		er numbers on top]	projection screen
font-style	italic, normal				speech
font-varia	nt normal, small-caps	Backgrou	nd		tty
		-	background-color Colour of background		tv
font-weigh	t bold, normal, lighter, bolder, integer [100-900]	background	background-image Background image url(")		Units
font-size	Size of the font			eat, repeat-x, repeat-y	Length
font-family		background attachment		mage scrolls with element	%
		background		er, bottom, left, right	em pt
Text		position	position		px
letter-space	ing Space between letters	Con-			Keywords
line-heigh	t Vertical space between baselines	List			bolder
text-align	Horizontal alignment	list-style-	Type of bullet or num	3	lighter
text-	blink, line-through, none,	type	disc; circle; square; de	ecimal; lower-roman; alpha; upper-alpha; none	larger
decoration		list-style-	Position of the bullet	1 11 1	Developing for
text-inden		position	inside; outside	e annoer met not	IE6 is a lost cause.
text- transform	capitalise, lowercase, uppercase	list-style-	Image to be used as t	he bullet in the list	1
	gn Vertical alignment	image			ļ
word-space	ing Spacing between words				

Download this Help Sheet now at gosquared.com/liquidicity

Original by the awesome Leslie Frank: http://lesliefranke.com/2005/10/css-cheat-sheet/ Put it on your wall

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CSS Help Sheet

Source: https://www.gosquared.com/blog/panic-over-css2-and-css3-help-sheets-are-here

Advanced Workshop Activity: Your own website

In the advanced workshop, you'll have free reign to create and design your own website with help from the tutors. Create your content locally, then use the information on the next page to upload your new site to the web and show it off to your friends!

Tips to make your life easier...

- Remember to give your HTML files ".html" or ".htm" extensions, and your CSS files ".css" extensions!
- Name your main/home page "index.html" or "index.htm" in your root directory to ensure it's the default page for new visitors to your website.
- Using relative links and references to files within your website structure ensures that they won't break if you later rehost your content at a different web address. Remember to use forward slashes ("/") when referencing files in different folders, not backslashes like in Windows ("\").
- Separating your stylesheets from your HTML files will make it a whole lot easier to change the look and feel of your website later!
- Just like on your home computer, it's much easier to keep track of all your files and images if you keep a neat directory structure on your webspace. Best practices: don't use spaces in file or folder names, and organise non-HTML files into folders by type (eg. images, css).

Not sure what to put on your site? Here are some ideas:



- Create a site about one of your interests or hobbies
- ✤ Set up your own blog, designed from scratch
- Design a gallery site for photos you've taken or images you like
- * Redesign the CSS Zen Garden (see page 7)
- * Create an online resume for yourself

REMEMBER! Content on the web is public and anyone with the link can see it, so think twice and check with your parents before posting any personally identifying information on your website!

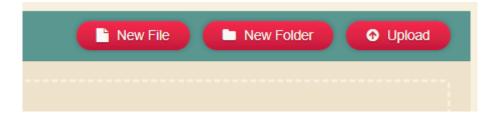
Uploading to the Internet

Neocities is a completely free web host where anyone can create a site and make it available to the world. We're going to use Neocities to upload and host our files.

- Sign up to Neocities at neocities.org. Your website address is public, so you might not want to use your full name maybe use your first name and last initial instead, or something describing what your site is about.
- Once you've signed up, picked the free plan and confirmed your email address, head to the dashboard at https://neocities.org/dashboard
- Feel free to delete the starter files Neocities gives you you have your own content to upload!



Uploading files is super easy with Neocities – just drag and drop them from your desktop or Windows Explorer over the top of the Neocities window, or click the red "Upload" button to pick a file from your computer:



Make sure you upload all the files you need – don't forget your CSS files! You can create and edit new files right in your browser with the "New File" button and built-in editor too, so you can work on your website from anywhere.

Access your website at **yourname.neocities.org**! Share this address with family and friends to show them what you've been doing at Summer School!

Advanced Workshop Activity: CSS in the Garden

As part of or in addition to making your own website, take a stroll in the CSS Zen Garden: www.csszengarden.com

Every design featured in the Zen Garden uses exactly the same HTML – only the CSS is different! It's a beautiful and varied display of the design possibilities using CSS as well as a fantastic example of the concept of *separation of presentation and content*. While the Garden is no longer being updated, it remains online to inspire and challenge web designers.

Once you've finished the Grok course on HTML and CSS, it's time to put what you've learned to the test. Download the example HTML file from CSS Zen Garden (and, if you choose, an example CSS file – but you might want to start from scratch) and try some of your new techniques to style a page without changing the HTML. This is just like the *inTRIPid* activity at the end of your Grok course – but now you have the freedom to design however you want!

Feel free to restyle the **inTRIPid** page instead, or cook up something of your own!

Where might I start?

- Try floating some divs in different ways and see how they move around or how you can position them
- Change some colours or find some images you like online and use them in the design
- Pick some Zen Garden stylesheets you like, download their source code and copy some properties or look them up in the online CSS reference. Try to figure out *what* they're doing and *how*!

Where do I go from here?

Make a backend

At this camp you've learnt some Python skills, so why not combine those with your new frontend HTML/CSS knowledge and build a backend for a website? A framework like **Django** or **web2py** lets you build dynamic websites rapidly without having to learn database query languages. Try the tutorials! (Note that you won't be able to run these on Neocities, but you can set it up to work on your home computer and buy a plan from a fully-featured web host like VentraIP **www.ventraip.com.au** when you're ready to go live!)

- www.djangoproject.com
- www.web2py.com

django WEE2PY

Seek external validation

It's always good to check your code for unintended errors – this will make it more likely to display the same way in different browsers, and it's just good coding practice! Luckily, the W3C provides official validators for HTML and CSS (and some other content types too!) that will help you track down errors.

- validator.w3.org
- jigsaw.w3.org/css-validator/

Add interactivity with JavaScript

JavaScript code will run right in your browser and, while it's not limited to use in websites, you can attach it to your HTML elements to have your page interact with the user. There are plenty of guides online - try the tutorial at htmldog.com/guides/javascript/. We'll check out JavaScript at winter camp.

Extra references

- dev.w3.org/html5/html-author/ official HTML 5 reference
- developer.mozilla.org/docs/Web/HTML Mozilla HTML reference/guide
- developer.mozilla.org/docs/Web/CSS Mozilla CSS reference/guide
- www.edx.org/school/w3cx Free online HTML and CSS courses from the W3C, the web's international standards organisation



You can make as many Neocities sites as you like. What can you come up with? You might also like to ask your IT teacher if your school provides space for student websites!